TARIFF SURVEY NORTH CAROLINA

APRIL 2025

Conducted by:

MORNING CONSULT[°]

TARIFFS CO\$T U.S.

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METHODOLOGY

The survey was conducted March 22nd – 27th among a sample of 501 registered voters in North Carolina. The interviews were conducted online, and the data were weighted by state to approximate a target sample of registered voters based on age, gender, race, educational attainment, region, marital status, children in household, home ownership, gender by age, and 2024 presidential vote. Results from the full survey have a margin of error of plus or minus 4 percentage points in North Carolina.



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KEY TAKEAWAYS

Voters are struggling to make ends meet, and they fear tariff price hikes. Nine-in-ten voters are concerned about inflation, and three-in-four voters say it feels like the overall cost of living is going up.

Unfortunately, more than two-in-three voters believe that tariffs will increase the price of items they regularly purchase. As a result, more than two-thirds are trying to spend less money, and around half are avoiding any major purchases altogether. Put head-to-head, more than three-in-five voters say policy-makers should focus on fighting inflation instead of using tariffs - including nearly three quarters of independents. Even among Republicans, nearly half say the priority should be fighting inflation.



ECONOMIC BASELINE



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ECONOMIC BASELINE: NORTH CAROLINA

RESULT: Nine-in-ten voters are concerned about inflation, and majorities are very concerned - regardless of party.

How concerned are you about inflation?

TOTAL CONCERN	RVs	DEM	IND	GOP
(% Very concerned + Somewhat concerned)	90%	93%	85%	91%



Somewhat concerned

Not too concerned

Not at all concerned

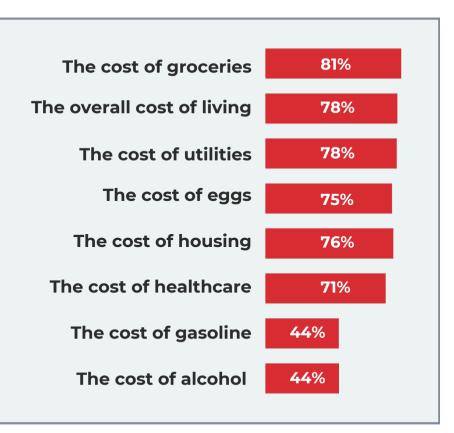
Don't know / No opinion



ECONOMIC BASELINE: NORTH CAROLINA

RESULT: Three-in-four voters feel that the overall cost of living in their communities is increasing, along with groceries, utilities, eggs, housing, and healthcare.

Please indicate whether you feel like the following costs are going up, going down, or staying the same.



% Going up

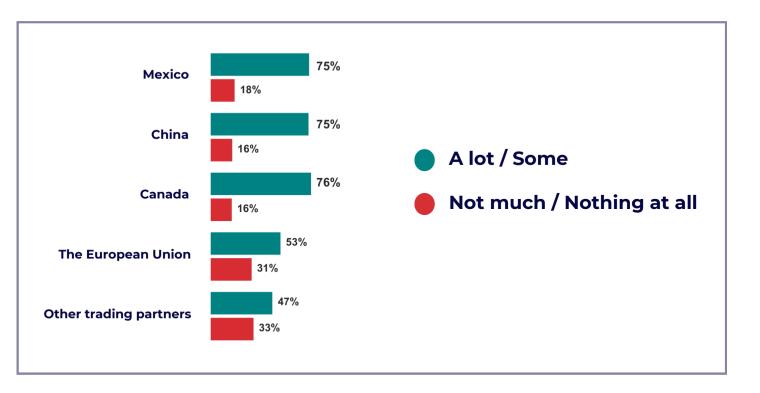




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RESULT: Voters are most familiar with tariffs on Mexico, China, and Canada. However, most have heard at least some about tariffs on the E.U. and other trading partners.

How much have you seen, heard, or read about tariffs being imposed on imports from the following regions?

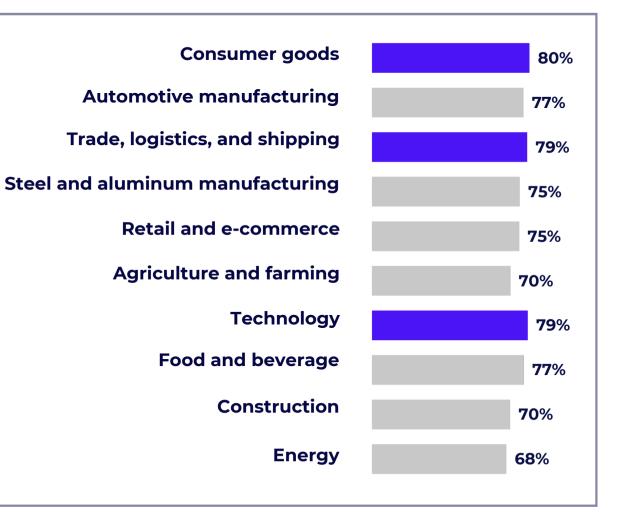


How would you describe the impact, if any, that new tariffs will have on the following industries?

% Big Impact +

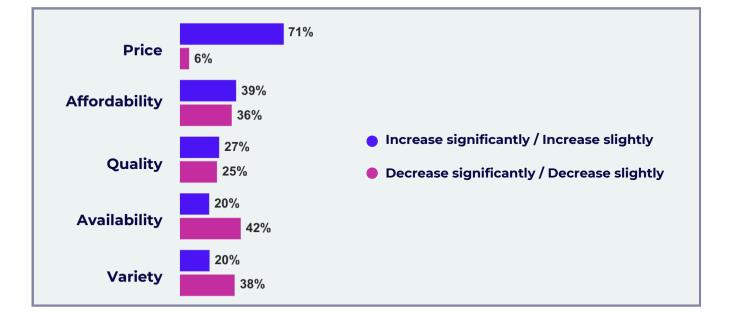
% Some Impact

Top 3 Highlighted



RESULT: More than two-thirds of voters expect the price of products they regularly purchase to increase as a result of tariffs, and pluralities expect declines in availability and variety.

Thinking about the products you regularly purchase, how might the following characteristics change in the future as a result of tariffs?



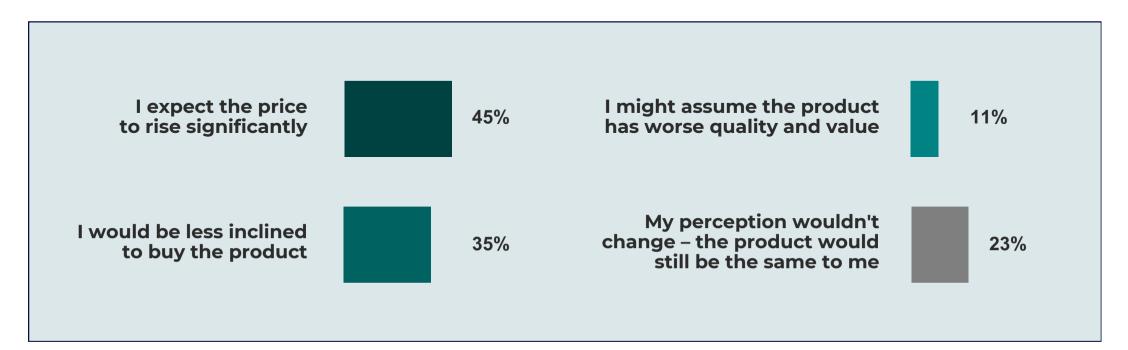
RESULT: Voters are trying to spend less money and avoiding major purchases because of tariffs.

Are you currently doing any of the following because of tariffs?



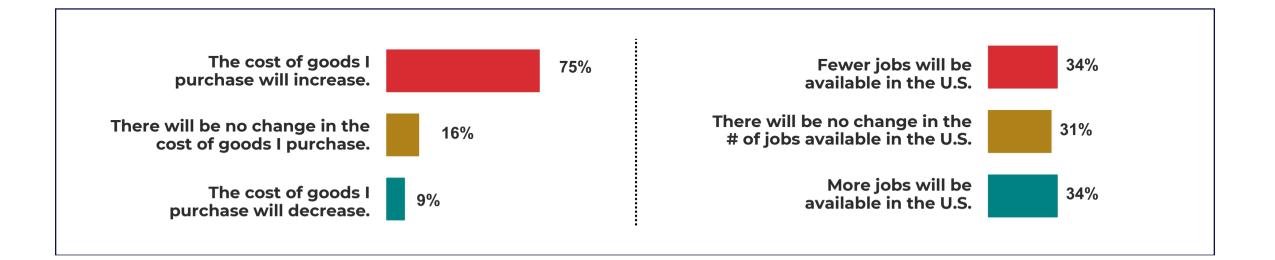
RESULT: Almost half of voters expect products subject to tariffs to rise in price significantly, and a third would be less inclined to buy a product subject to new tariffs altogether.

If a product you regularly purchase became subject to new tariffs, how might you respond? Please select all that apply.



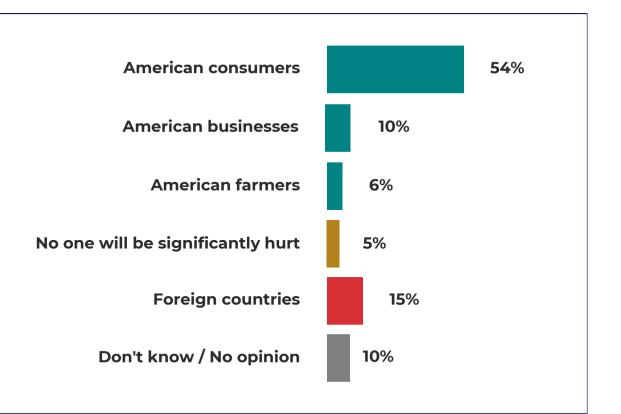
RESULT: Three-in-four voters expect tariffs will increase the cost of goods they purchase, and more than a third of voters think it's likely that tariffs will create additional jobs in the U.S.

If new tariffs were implemented, which of the following outcomes do you think is most likely to happen to costs/jobs in the U.S.?



RESULT: Voters expect American consumers to be hurt most by new tariffs and/or a resulting trade war. Fewer than one-in-five expect foreign countries to be hurt most.

Who do you believe will be hurt most by imposing new tariffs and/or a resulting trade war?



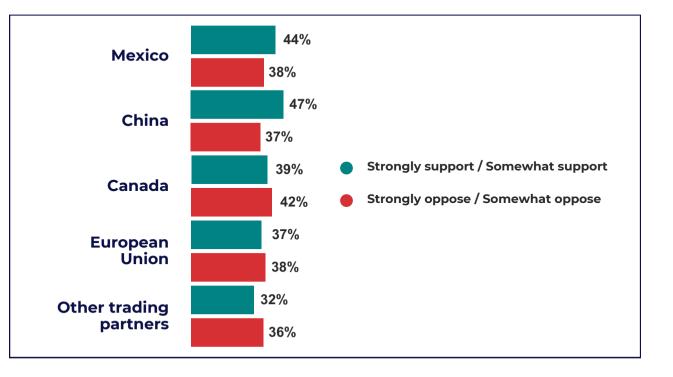




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RESULT: Tariffs on China receive plurality support, but other target nations vary.

Do you support or oppose imposing tariffs on products imported from the following regions?



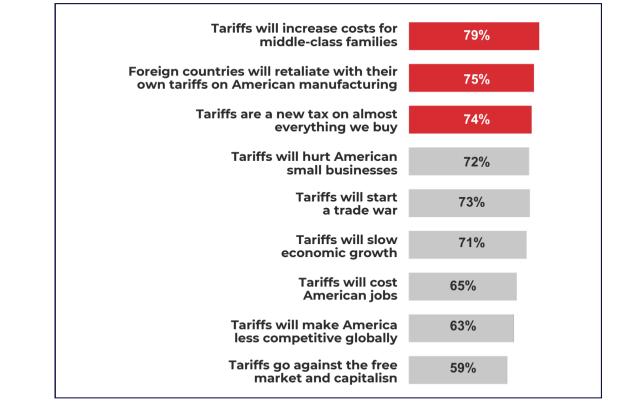
RESULT: Nearly three-in-four voters are concerned that tariffs will increase costs for middle-class families.

Please indicate how concerning each of the following statements about tariffs is.

% Very concerning +

% Somewhat concerning

Top 3 Highlighted



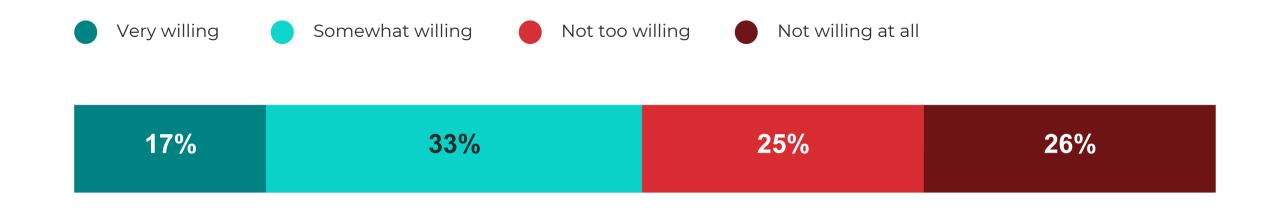
RESULT: Majorities of voters would be willing to accept higher prices to boost American manufacturing, driven by deep support among Republicans.

How willing, if at all, would you be to accept higher prices in exchange for strengthening American manufacturing?			TAL WILLING	RVs 52%	DEM 31%	IND 46%	GOP 74%	
	Very willin	g 🧲 Somewhat willing 🛑	Not too w	villing 🛑 Not willin	ng at all			
I	14%	39%		27%		21	%	

RESULT: The immigration argument is less convincing–willingness is lower and a minority among Independents.

How willing, if at all, would you be to accept higher prices in exchange for giving the United States leverage on immigration?

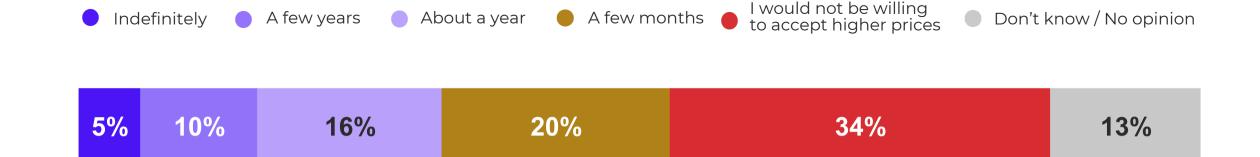
TOTAL WILLING	RVs	DEM	IND	GOP
(% Very willing + Somewhat willing)	50%	30%	44%	70%



RESULT: Only a minority of voters are willing to accept higher prices for a year or longer.

How long, if at all, would you be willing to accept higher prices to wait for the potential effects of tariffs?

WILLING TO WAIT A YEAR-PLUS	RVs	DEM	IND	GOP
(% Indefinitely + A few years + About a year)	32%	27%	28%	40%



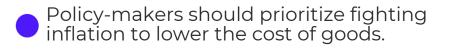
RESULT: Nearly half of voters would be more likely to support an anti-tariff candidate, including around a third of Republicans.

Would you be more or less like to support a member of Cong if they opposed new tariffs	iress	TOTAL MORE LIKELY	RVs 48%	DEM 64%	IND 52%	GOP 33%
 Much more likely Somewhat to support 		hat less Much les support support	ss likely to	🔵 Don't kn	ow / No opin	ion
31%	17%	18%	16%	0	18%	

RESULT: Six in ten voters believe that policy-makers should focus on inflation instead of tariffs.

Which of the following best describes your perspective on tariffs, even if neither is exactly right?

Δ NET FOCUS ON INFLATION	DEM	IND	GOP
(% Fight inflation - % Use tariffs)	+57%	+46%	-4%



Policy-makers should prioritize using tariffs to strengthen American manufacturing and give the United States leverage on immigration.



RESULT: Less than a quarter of voters across the board think that tariffs should be used as a long-term economic policy.

Which of the following best represents your perspective on the use of tariffs?

 Tariffs should be established as a long-term economic policy. Tariffs should be used as a short-term negotiating tool, but avoided in the long run.

Tariffs should be avoided entirely and not used as a policy tool.

Don't know / No opinion

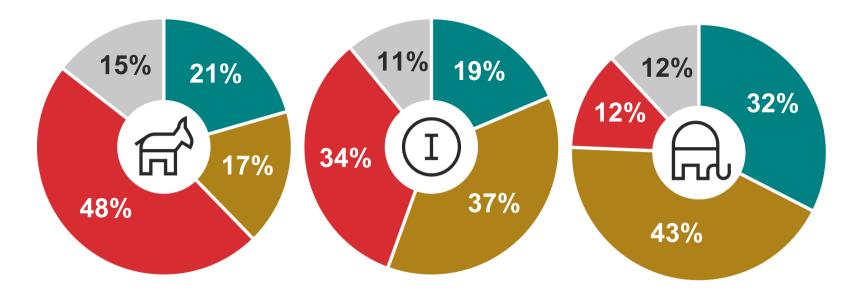
25%	33%	30%	12%
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RESULT: Just a third of Republicans believe tariffs should be established as a long-term economic policy.

Which of the following best represents your perspective on the use of tariffs?

Tariffs should be established as a long-term economic policy.

- Tariffs should be used as a short-term negotiating tool, but avoided in the long run.
- Tariffs should be avoided entirely and not used as a policy tool.
- Don't know / No opinion



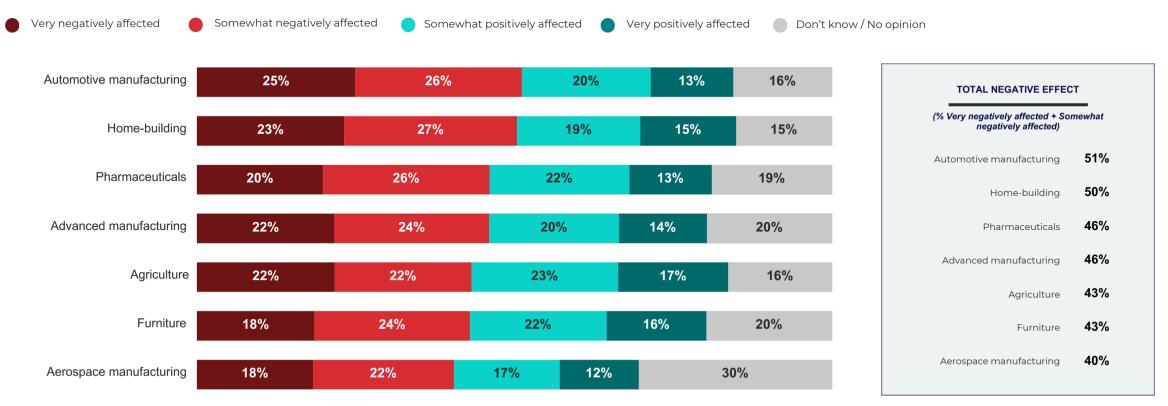




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RESULT: A majority of North Carolina voters believe that tariffs and/or a resulting trade war will negatively affect the local automotive manufacturing and homebuilding industries.

Please indicate whether you believe each of the following North Carolina industries will be positively or negatively affected by new tariffs and/or a resulting trade war.



RESULT: Three-in-five North Carolina voters believe the Research Triangle will be hurt by tariffs and/or a trade war, including three quarters of Gen Z voters and a plurality of N.C. Republicans.

Please indicate if you agree or disagree with the following statement. **New tariffs and/or a resulting trade war will hurt communities home to biotech, pharmaceuticals, and high-tech innovation like the Research Triangle**.

Strongly agree	Somewhat agree 🛛 🗧 Somewh	at disagree 🛛 🔵 Strongly	/ disagree 🛛 Don't	know / No opinion	TOTAL AGREE	_
					(% Strongly agree + % Somew	vhat agree)
North Carolina Registered Voters	32%	28%	16% 7%	18%	N.C. Registered Voters	60%
Gender: Male	34%	29%	17%	7% 12%	Gender: Male	63%
Gender: Female	30%	28%	14% 6%	23%	Gender: Female	58%
GenZers: 1997-2012	41%	34%	7%	4% 14%	GenZers: 1997-2012	75%
Millennials: 1981-1996	28%	35%	9% 9%	18%	Millennials: 1981-1996	64%
GenXers: 1965-1980	30%	22%	9%	21%	GenXers: 1965-1980	52%
Baby Boomers: 1946-1964	32%	26%	21% 4%	<mark>//</mark> 17%	Baby Boomers: 1946-1964	58%
PID: Dem (no lean)	46%		36%	6% 9%	PID: Dem (no lean)	82%
PID: Ind (no lean)	34%	24%	13% 7%	22%	PID: Ind (no lean)	58%
PID: Rep (no lean)	18% 26%	28%	7%	21%	PID: Rep (no lean)	44%
Income: Under 50k	28%	28%	13% 8%	24%	Income: Under 50k	55%
Income: 50k-100k	33%	29%	22%	<mark>4%</mark> 12%	Income: 50k-100k	61%
Income: 100k+	41%	31%	10%	7% 12%	Income: 100k+	72%